

Assessment for Intranasal Medication Administration

Name: _____

Date: _____

Please circle the correct answer and take the completed test to the trainer for scoring.

1. When preparing to give intranasal medications, if time allows, wash your hands and put on gloves.
 - a. True
 - b. False

2. Usually, intranasal medications are given in a divided dose—half placed in each nostril.
 - a. True
 - b. False

3. When giving emergency seizure medications, it is important to be ready to monitor the child for breathing difficulties while waiting for help to arrive.
 - a. True
 - b. False

4. Following a child's emergency plan and knowing when to administer the emergency medication is NOT important.
 - a. True
 - b. False

5. All seizure rescue medications should be securely locked, but accessible.
 - a. True
 - b. False

6. Who designates the person to be trained in the school?
 - a. Principal
 - b. Teacher
 - c. Parent
 - d. The individual must volunteer

7. Seizure rescue medication can be given for the first time at school if necessary.
 - a. True
 - b. False

8. A volunteer may give seizure rescue medication:
 - a. Anytime
 - b. After being trained by the student
 - c. After being trained by the parent
 - d. After completing the required training and demonstrating skills competency.

9. A parent can designate someone to be trained to give seizure rescue medications in the school.
 - a. True
 - b. False

10. When documenting the event, include the following information:
 - a. Date, time of seizure and medication, observations
 - b. Student's last meal eaten
 - c. What the child was wearing
 - d. When the child was last seen at the doctor's office

Number correct: ____ of 10 answers